BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

2 3	CARL J. KUNASEK Chairman JIM IRVIN	
4	Commissioner WILLIAM A. MUNDELL Commissioner	
5	In the matter of:) Docket No. S-03438A-00-0000
7	THE CHAMBER GROUP, INC., an Arizona Corporation, a/k/a	ý)
8	CHAMBER FINANCIAL GROUP and CHAMBER FINANCIAL)
9	1060 Sandretto Drive, Suite A) TEMPORARY ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST AND NOTICE OF
10	Prescott, Arizona 86305; and 1550 South Alma School, Suite #103) OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING
11	Mesa, Arizona 85210)
12	JOSEPH L. HILAND 135 South Summit)
13	Prescott, Arizona 86304)
14	TYSON J. HILAND 3094 Shoshone Place)
15	Prescott, Arizona 86301)
16	TRAVIS D. HILAND)
17	4801 North Meixner Road Prescott Valley, Arizona 86314,)
18	Respondents.)
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20	NOTICE: THIS ORDER IS EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY	
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22	EACH RESPONDENT HAS 20 DAYS TO REQUEST A HEARING	

The Securities Division ("Division") of the Arizona Corporation Commission ("Commission") alleges that Respondents JOSEPH HILAND, TYSON HILAND, TRAVIS HILAND and THE CHAMBER GROUP, INC. (a/k/a CHAMBER FINANCIAL GROUP and CHAMBER FINANCIAL) have engaged in, are engaging in, or are about to engage in acts and

practices that constitute violations of both A.R.S. § 44-1801 *et seq.*, the Securities Act of Arizona ("Securities Act") and A.R.S. § 44-3101 *et seq.*, the Arizona Investment Management Act ("IM Act"), and that the public welfare requires immediate action.

I.

JURISDICTION

1. The Commission has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to Article XV of the Arizona Constitution, the Securities Act, and the IM Act.

II.

RESPONDENTS

- 2. THE CHAMBER GROUP, INC., at times d/b/a CHAMBER FINANCIAL GROUP or CHAMBER FINANCIAL (collectively "CHAMBER"), whose last two known addresses were 1060 Sandretto Drive, Suite A, Prescott, Arizona, 86305, and 1550 South Alma School, Suite 103, Mesa, Arizona, 85210, is an Arizona corporation currently involved in the insurance, financial planning and investment services industry.
- 3. JOSEPH HILAND, whose last known address was 135 South Summit, Prescott, Arizona, 86304, is a principal and salesman for CHAMBER. While employed in these capacities, JOSEPH HILAND has offered and sold a variety of securities to multiple Arizona investors.
- 4. TYSON HILAND, whose last known address was 3094 Shoshone Place, Prescott, Arizona, 86301, is a representative and salesman of CHAMBER. While employed in these capacities, TYSON HILAND has offered and sold a variety of security interests to multiple Arizona investors.
- TRAVIS HILAND, whose last known address was 4801 North Meixner Road,
 Prescott Valley, Arizona, 86314, is the President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of CHAMBER.
 - 6. These respondents may be collectively referred to as "RESPONDENTS."

III.

FACTS

- 7. RESPONDENTS have offered and sold a variety of investment "opportunities" within or from Arizona since at least 1998. As a principal and salesman with CHAMBER, JOSEPH HILAND has engaged in the offer and/or sale of various securities including fractionalized Certificates of Deposit ("CDs"), life settlement investment contracts (a/k/a "viaticals"), tax lien programs, and automatic teller machine ("ATM") investments. As a salesman at CHAMBER'S Prescott office, TYSON HILAND has offered and/or sold similar securities including viaticals and fractionalized CDs.
- 8. By the close of 1999, RESPONDENTS had collectively received a minimum of \$3,300,000 in investor funds through the sale of such securities.
- 9. In addition to their offer and sale of securities, JOSEPH HILAND and TYSON HILAND have held themselves out to the public as investment advisers and have subsequently offered investment advisory services to investors. Through advertisements and other related literature, CHAMBER has held itself out to the public as an investment advisory firm.
- 10. RESPONDENTS were not registered as securities dealers, salesmen, or investment advisers during the period in which the bulk of the offers and sales at issue occurred.
- 11. Although RESPONDENTS are continuing with their operations, they are not presently registered with the Securities Division in any capacity.
- 12. RESPONDENTS have, in the past, promoted their investment opportunities through local radio, local newspapers and through presentations delivered at retirement communities. These advertisements and presentations included promotions for "one-year" CD investments offering returns up to and exceeding nine percent per annum.

A. CD Investment Program

13. Since 1998, RESPONDENTS have engaged in the offer and sale of fractionalized CDs to a minimum of 85 Arizona investors.

- 14. These fractionalized CD investments were offered and sold by RESPONDENTS through a California dealer by the name of San Clemente Securities, Inc. ("SCS").
- 15. RESPONDENTS directed investor funds from their CD program to SCS's clearing correspondent, CIBC Oppenheimer ("CIBC"), who would then credit investors with ownership of a portion of a CD owned by SCS. Investors in this CD program were unaware that their investment funds were being pooled by SCS to finance its own purchase of larger CDs from various issuing banks.
- 16. Investors in this CD investment program never received physical custody of their fractionalized CDs; possession and control of the CDs remained with SCS and/or its clearing agents.
- 17. RESPONDENTS did not disclose to investors whether the ownership of their fractionalized CDs would be properly documented so as to ensure FDIC coverage for their investments.
- 18. As part of this program, RESPONDENTS, SCS and/or CIBC searched for and selected CD issuing banks with favorable rates of return, processed investments, preserved records, tracked investment returns, and provided a level of liquidity for these CDs through the creation of secondary markets.
- 19. In connection with the offer and sale of these CDs, RESPONDENTS specifically represented to investors that the CDs were "one year" CDs, and that investors could cash in these CDs after a year without financial penalty.
- 20. Many investors, including a large segment of elderly investors, relied on this liquidity feature when purchasing their CD investments from RESPONDENTS.
- 21. Several months after making these CD investments, investors began learning that their CDs were in fact "20 year" CDs, and that the callable feature on these CDs was applicable only to the CDs' issuing banks.

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- 22. JOSEPH HILAND and TYSON HILAND subsequently told investors that they could liquidate their CDs prior to the 20 year maturity date, but only at a substantial discount to the principal amounts the investors had actually invested.
- 23. Many investors, needing cash to meet medical bills or other personal expenses, were forced into liquidating their fractionalized CDs through RESPONDENTS at a substantial loss. The liquidation costs have ranged from approximately 10% to 20% of the investors' principal.
- 24. RESPONDENTS are presently continuing to offer and/or sell these securities from their Prescott, Arizona and Mesa, Arizona locations.

B. Miscellaneous Investment Contract Programs

- 25. From at least 1998, RESPONDENTS have offered and sold other investment contracts to Arizona investors including tax lien programs, life settlement investment contracts (hereinafter "viaticals"), and ATM-like investment programs.
- 26. RESPONDENTS' sales of tax lien investments have been processed through the company TLC America, a/k/a TLC Marketing ("TLC"). TLC uses these investor funds to selectively purchase tax liens on various pieces of real estate across the country. Through these efforts, TLC guarantees fixed rates of return to investors.
- 27. TLC claims that it purchases tax liens in states where the statutes provide favorable redemption periods and penalties, allowing TLC to provide an "impressive" return to investors and "still provide TLC with a good profit."
- 28. TLC also indicates that both the investor and the company will be named as cotenants on any property deeds obtained by TLC.
- 29. RESPONDENTS disclose none of the investment risks inherent to this tax lien program, including the possibility that property owners will decline to redeem their lien-encumbered properties within the statutory redemption periods.
- 30. RESPONDENTS also continue to offer and/or sell viaticals to investors through at least one company specializing in the purchase of life insurance policies on terminally ill and/or

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elderly patients. The purchase of insurance policies by this viatical company is guided in part by the company's life expectancy projections.

- 31. RESPONDENTS further offer potential investors investments in a voucher machine program for a minimum investment of \$4,000.
- 32. Under this program, investments are funneled from RESPONDENTS to a company by the name of MVP, which distributes certain voucher machines, similar in form to the more common ATM machines, to merchants around the country. These voucher machines charge consumers a nominal fee for using the machine that is subsequently split between the merchant, the investor and, if applicable, the service manager.
- 33. As part of this voucher program, RESPONDENTS offer management services for these machines to investors through one company, Douglas Network Enterprises ("DNE").
- 34. According to offering documents, DNE's services with this program would include "finding high traffic locations, installation, servicing and the monitoring of high quality money vouchers." For these services, DNE receives a percentage of the proceeds from each transaction.
- 35. RESPONDENTS are presently continuing to offer and/or sell these various investment contract securities from their Prescott, Arizona and Mesa, Arizona locations.

IV.

VIOLATION OF A.R.S. § 44-1841

(Offer and Sale of Unregistered Securities)

- 36. From at least 1998 forward, RESPONDENTS have offered or sold securities, in the form of investment contracts, evidence of indebtedness and/or viaticals, within or from Arizona.
- 37. The securities referred to above were not registered pursuant to Articles 6 or 7 of the Securities Act.
 - 38. This conduct violates A.R.S. § 44-1841.

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V.

VIOLATION OF A.R.S. § 44-1842

(Transactions by Unregistered Dealers or Salesmen)

- 39. RESPONDENTS offered or sold securities within or from Arizona while not registered as dealers or salesmen pursuant to Article 9 of the Securities Act.
 - 40. This conduct violates A.R.S. § 44-1842.

VI.

VIOLATION OF A.R.S. § 44-1991

(Fraud in Connection with the Offer or Sale of Securities)

- 41. In connection with the offer or sale of securities within or from Arizona, RESPONDENTS directly or indirectly: (i) employed a device, scheme or artifice to defraud; (ii) made untrue statements of material fact or omitted to state material facts which were necessary in order to make the statements made not misleading in light of the circumstances under which they were made; or (iii) engaged in transactions, practices or courses of business which operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon offerees and investors. The conduct of Respondents JOSEPH HILAND, TYSON HILAND and/or CHAMBER includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - JOSEPH HILAND, TYSON HILAND and CHAMBER misrepresented to investors a) that the fractionalized CDs they were selling could be redeemed by investors in one year without penalty, when in fact these CDs were subject to full redemption by investors only after a 20 year term.
 - b) JOSEPH HILAND, TYSON HILAND and CHAMBER misrepresented to investors that the CD investments were risk-free investments, when in fact an early liquidation of these CDs prior to their 20 year maturity dates posed a substantial risk of loss as to the investors' principal.

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- c) JOSEPH HILAND, TYSON HILAND and CHAMBER failed to disclose to investors that the CDs at issue were callable after one year only at the discretion of the CD issuing banks.
- d) JOSEPH HILAND, TYSON HILAND and CHAMBER failed to disclose to investors the risks associated with these CD investments presented by the inherent fluctuations in the CDs' market value.
- e) JOSEPH HILAND, TYSON HILAND and CHAMBER failed to disclose to investors the commissions and fees that these respondents were charging and receiving in connection with the sale of these CD investments.
- f) JOSEPH HILAND, TYSON HILAND and CHAMBER failed to provide adequate disclosure statements outlining the details of their CD investment program.
- g) JOSEPH HILAND, TYSON HILAND and CHAMBER failed to disclose to investors the risks associated with the various alternative investment contract programs these respondents were selling and/or offering for sale.
- h) JOSEPH HILAND, TYSON HILAND and CHAMBER failed to disclose to investors the commissions and fees that these respondents would be receiving in connection with the sale of these alternative investment contract programs.
- 42. This conduct violates A.R.S. § 44-1991.
- 43. Respondent TRAVIS HILAND directly or indirectly controlled CHAMBER, TYSON HILAND and JOSEPH HILAND within the meaning of A.R.S. § 44-1999. Therefore, TRAVIS HILAND is liable to the same extent as CHAMBER, TYSON HILAND and JOSEPH HILAND for their multiple violations of A.R.S. § 44-1991.

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VII.

VIOLATION OF A.R.S. § 44-3151

(Transactions by Unlicensed Investment Advisers or Investment Adviser Representatives)

- 44. From at least 1998 forward, RESPONDENTS have conducted business in Arizona as investment advisers and/or investment adviser representatives, even though they have not been licensed in Arizona in compliance with the licensing provisions of Article 4 of the IM Act.
 - 45. This conduct violates A.R.S. § 44-3151.

VIII.

VIOLATION OF A.R.S. § 44-3241

(Fraud in the Provision of Investment Advisory Services)

- 46. In connection with the transactions within and/or from Arizona involving the provision of investment advisory services, RESPONDENTS directly or indirectly: (i) employed a device, scheme or artifice to defraud; (ii) made untrue statements of material fact or omitted to state material facts which were necessary in order to make the statements made not misleading in light of the circumstances under which they were made; (iii) misrepresented professional qualifications with the intent that clients rely on such misrepresentations; or (iv) engaged in transactions, practices or courses of business which operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon offerees and investors within the meaning of A.R.S. § 44-3241. The conduct of RESPONDENTS includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a) Misrepresenting to investors that one or more of the RESPONDENTS were licensed financial advisors, when in fact none of the RESPONDENTS held any such qualifications;
 - b) Failing to disclose to investors that RESPONDENTS were not licensed or registered to provide investment advisory services within Arizona;

1	c) Advising that RESPONDENTS' CD investment program was guaranteed and that	
2	the principal amounts on these investments were fully secure, when in fact such claims had	
3	no factual basis.	
4	d) Advising that RESPONDENTS' that the various other investment contract	
5	programs, including the tax lien program, the voucher program and the viatical program,	
6	would produce guaranteed returns, when in fact such claims had no factual basis.	
7	IX.	
8	TEMPORARY ORDER	
9	Cease and Desist from Violating the Securities Act and Investment Management Act	
10	THEREFORE, based on the above allegations, and because the Division has determined that	
11	the public welfare requires immediate action,	
12	IT IS ORDERED, pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 44-2032, 44-1972, 44-3292, 44-3212 and A.A.C.	
13	Rule 14-4-307, that the RESPONDENTS, their agents, servants, employees, successors, assigns,	
14	and those persons in active concert or participation with them, CEASE AND DESIST from any	
15	violations of the Securities Act or the Investment Management Act.	
16	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Temporary Order to Cease and Desist shall remain in	
17	effect for 120 days unless sooner vacated, modified or made permanent by the Commission.	
18	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Order shall be effective immediately.	
19	X.	
20	REQUESTED RELIEF	
21	The Division will request that the Commission grant the following relief against	
22	RESPONDENTS:	
23	1. Order RESPONDENTS to permanently cease and desist from violating the	
24	Securities Act, pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-2032;	

Investment Management Act, pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-3292;

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Order RESPONDENTS to permanently cease and desist from violating the

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3. Order RESPONDENTS to take affirmative action to correct the conditions resulting from their acts, practices or transactions, including a requirement to make restitution to investors pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 44-2032 and/or 44-3292;

- 4. Order RESPONDENTS to pay the state of Arizona administrative penalties of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each violation of the Securities Act and up to \$1,000 for each violation of the Investment Management Act, pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 44-2036 and/or 44-3296;
 - 5. Order any other relief that the Commission deems appropriate.

XI.

HEARING OPPORTUNITY

RESPONDENTS may request a hearing pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 44-1972, 44-3212 and A.A.C. Rule 14-4-307. A request for hearing must be in writing and received by the Commission within 20 days after service of this Temporary Order to Cease and Desist. Each RESPONDENT must deliver or mail the request for hearing to Docket Control, Arizona Corporation Commission, 1200 West Washington, Phoenix, Arizona 85007. A Docket Control cover sheet must also be filed with the request for hearing. A cover sheet form and instructions may be obtained from Docket Control (602)542-3477 on the Commission's Internet site web www.cc.state.az.us/utility/forms/index.htm.

If a request for hearing is timely made, the Commission shall schedule a hearing to begin 5 to 15 days from the receipt of the request unless otherwise provided by law, stipulated by the parties, or ordered by the Commission. After a hearing, the Commission may vacate, modify or make permanent this Temporary Order, with written findings of fact and conclusions of law. A permanent Order may include ordering restitution, assessing administrative penalties or other action.

If a request for hearing is not timely made, the Division will request that the Commission make permanent this Temporary Order, with written findings of fact and conclusions of law, which may include ordering restitution, assessing administrative penalties or other relief.

Persons with a disability may request a reasonable accommodation such as a sign language interpreter, as well as request this document in an alternative format, by contacting Shelly M Hood, ADA Coordinator, voice phone number 602/542-3931, e-mail shood@cc.state.az.us. Requests should be made as early as possible to allow time to arrange the accommodation. BY ORDER OF THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION, this _____ day of December, 2000. Mark Sendrow Director of Securities